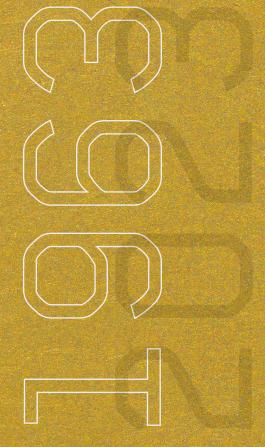


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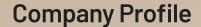
Challenge Ourselves, Change the World

ANNUAL REPORT 2022 FACT BOOK

KOREAN Re

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KOREAN Re



Korean Re, the one and only Korean professional reinsurer, started its operations in 1963. Today, we not only deal with most traditional lines of reinsurance business, including property, engineering, marine, casualty, motor, life, and health, but also offer non-traditional reinsurance solutions.

This year marks the 60th anniversary of Korean Re. After six successful decades in the business, it is a matter of great pride to see our company still growing and thriving. As we now begin a new chapter in our corporate history, we are determined to challenge ourselves and change the world by constantly seeking internal innovation in a manner that increases our positive impact on the world around us.

Our new slogan, "Challenge Ourselves, Change the World," embodies the spirit that has driven us forward over the past 60 years and will continue to guide us into the future. We have grown from a small local reinsurer to one of the leading players in Asia and beyond. We could not have been where we are now without constantly challenging ourselves to expand into new markets across the world. This undertaking to explore global markets has led us to a point where 26.5% of our business comes from overseas. Currently, Korean Re has 12 overseas presences across the world – four subsidiaries, four branches, and four liaison offices.

Furthermore, we have continued to challenge ourselves to improve our organizational structure in a way that best leverages our resources. An effectively organized structure provides a business and its employees with the environment and resources they need to perform at their very best every day, contributing to value creation for the organization, its employees, and other stakeholders.

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This report is also published online at: www.koreanre2022.annualreport.kr

Message from the CEO



KOREAN Re

We achieved a strong year-on-year growth of 16.4% in gross written premiums, with net written premiums growing by 21.1% in 2022.

In 2022, Korean Re made important strides forward, delivering steady growth and stable profit. We achieved a strong year-on-year growth of 16.4% in gross written premiums, which totaled KRW 9,878.6 billion, with net written premiums growing by 21.1% to KRW 7,337.6 billion. This robust top-line performance was driven by our new coinsurance business and a sharp recovery in premium growth for our overseas business. We also reported a bottom-line increase of 2.9%, with after-tax net income amounting to KRW 157.9 billion. At the end of 2022, our total assets increased by 14.2% year on year to KRW 14,978.1 billion, while there was an 18.8% rise in invested assets, which totaled KRW 8.534.7 billion.

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Our business growth has been supported by continued efforts to explore new markets. Global business expansion has been an important pillar of our business strategies to drive growth. Currently, Korean Re has 12 overseas operations across the world – four subsidiaries, four branches and four liaison offices. Half of them were established over the last six years, meaning that our global expansion initiative has notably accelerated in recent years. Since 2020, we have successfully set up a subsidiary in New Jersey, USA, and one branch in Shanghai, China, and a representative office in Bogotá, Colombia. This drive to take our operations into overseas markets will continue going forward.

Profitability has been another crucial pillar of our business strategies over the last few years. By tightening our underwriting guidelines, we have focused on increasing our retention of good risks and building optimal treaty schemes. Our underwriters have become more selective in what new or existing business they want to pursue, helping to reduce the volatility of our business results.

Effective portfolio management has been a critical driver of our endeavors to ensure a stable and profitable business performance. The share of our overseas business increased from 23.1% in 2017 to 26.5% in 2022, and diversifying the overall portfolio has contributed to stabilizing our underwriting results. Based on the underwriting expertise and experiences that we have built over the last 60 years, we have been able to actively respond to market cycles and readjust our business portfolio in ways that have reduced the fluctuation of business results and improved profitability.

On the investment side, we have taken a flexible approach in managing our alternative investments and loan portfolio in response to market changes and regulatory developments. As a result, we continued to deliver a solid investment yield of 3.5% in the face of a volatile market environment in 2022.

In the run-up to the implementation of IFRS 17 in 2023, the Korean insurance industry had a busy year in 2022 with finalizing its transition to the new reporting regime. Korean Re is likely to experience a smooth transition to IFRS 17, as we have been proactive in preparing for IFRS 17 by raising capital and managing financial solvency effectively.

In terms of our environmental, social and governance (ESG) drive, 2022 was a significant milestone as we declared our intention to phase out coal financing. In line with this declaration.

Korean Re has ceased to invest in new construction of coal mining and coal-based power plants, and has not been providing facultative reinsurance covers for such new coal projects since January 2023.

Korean Re is celebrating its 60th anniversary in 2023. In Asian culture, 60 years marks one full cycle of life, and the 60th birthday is regarded as a monumental point and the beginning of a new life cycle. We are both happy and grateful to enter into 2023 to start a new corporate life cycle, setting off to reinvent ourselves to bring innovation to our business and work toward a better future. As we have grown steadily in lockstep with the growth of our clients over the last six decades, we will continue to remain a solid partner for them.

Now that we begin a new chapter in our corporate history, we are determined to challenge ourselves and change the world by constantly seeking internal innovation in a manner that increases our positive impact on the world.

The economy is set to have a tough year in 2023 with weak growth prospects, and that will present a challenge to our business. Nevertheless, Korean Re is ready to move forward fearlessly, building on its successful 60-year track record.

I would like to thank all our shareholders, clients, and partners for putting their trust in Korean Re. We will stay true to our commitment to ensuring growth and value for all our stakeholders.

Thank you.

Jong-Gyu Won
President and CEO

Financial Highlights 2022

	FY 2022 (KRW billion)	FY 2022 (USD million)	FY 2021 (KRW billion)	FY 2021 (USD million)
For the Year				
Gross Written Premiums	9,878.6	7,600.2	8,488.7	7,385.2
Net Written Premiums	7,337.6	5,645.3	6,060.9	5,273.0
Net Income	157.9	121.5	153.3	133.4
At the Year End				
Total Assets	14,978.1	11,704.4	13,115.7	10,956.2
Insurance Contract Liabilities	8,427.6	6,585.6	7,377.6	6,162.9
Total Shareholders' Equity	2,819.5	2,203.3	2,525.7	2,109.9
Financial Ratio (%)				
RBC Ratio ¹	18	0.8	187.9	
Combined Ratio ²	100.7		100.9	
ROA	1.1		1.2	
ROE	5.9		6.2	
Payout Ratio	33.4		3	5.0
EPS (KRW, USD) ³	1,132	0.87	1,186	1.03

^{*} All figures are based on K-IFRS and the Consolidated Financial Statements of Korean Re. The conversion from KRW to USD is shown here for information purposes only.

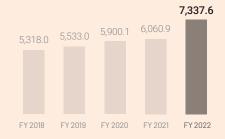
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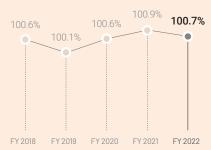
* Solvency Margin Ratio (2022)

Net Written Premiums

(Unit: KRW billion)



Combined Ratio*



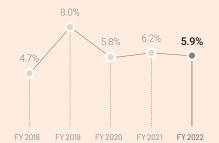
*Excluding foreign currency evaluation effects

Investment Yield*



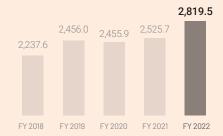
* Gains and/or losses from foreign exchange hedging for insurance liabilities have been excluded.

Return on Equity (ROE)



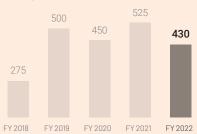
Total Shareholders' Equity

(Unit: KRW billion)



Dividend per Share

(Unit: KRW)



(2022)

¹ Risk-based capital ratio (solvency margin ratio)

² Excluding foreign currency evaluation effects

³ In December 2022, Korean Re issued bonus shares to its shareholders. To ensure a valid comparison of earnings per share (EPS), the weighted average shares outstanding have been adjusted to include the bonus shares. The EPS for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the comparative prior period presented have been restated to reflect this adjustment.

Review of Operations

In 2022, Korean Re achieved double-digit growth in gross written premiums on the back of new coinsurance transactions. We wrote gross premiums of KRW 9,878.6 billion in 2022, up 16.4% from the previous year. It was encouraging to see our book of business grow strongly both at home and abroad.

Our domestic business generated KRW 7,257.1 billion in gross written premiums, up 16.1% from the prior year. Excluding coinsurance business, the growth rate would slow to 3.2%, with long-term and property lines of business boosting our domestic business growth.

There was a sharp recovery in overseas business, with premiums surging by 17.2% to KRW 2,621.5 billion. This notable turnaround was backed by global market hardening, which is likely to continue for the time being in conjunction with a shortage of reinsurance capacity.

Alongside gross premium growth, our net written premiums rose by 21.1% to KRW 7,337.6 billion in 2022. As we held on to our selective retention of profitable business, the overall retention rate went up to 74.3% from 71.4%.

Our underwriting profitability modestly improved in 2022, with the combined ratio decreasing by 0.2%p to 100.7%. We saw our underwriting losses narrow to KRW 50.2 billion as we continued to readjust our business portfolio and maintain underwriting discipline. Our underwriting performance, excluding COVID-19 losses, actually improved with a profit of KRW 10.5 billion.

Our underwriting deficit was softened by gains on the investment portfolio in 2022. Backed by a significant increase in our invested assets and portfolio diversification, we delivered robust

investment results, with an investment yield of 3.5%. Our investment profit improved to KRW 263.6 billion, excluding gains and/or losses from foreign exchange hedging for insurance liabilities, compared to KRW 244.9 billion in the prior year. The current rising interest rate environment has altered the investment landscape, boosting returns on our new investments, especially in fixed-income assets. We are seeking various methods to capitalize on this high interest rates period, such as contracting bond forward derivatives to maintain a high level of profit and pursue an asset liability management simultaneously.

Moving into 2023, we will strive to build portfolios that are fundamentally sound and resilient against a potential increase in market uncertainties. Our asset management strategy will be focused on mitigating potential market uncertainties while maintaining our investment income. We will achieve this goal by making a meaningful reduction in the risks associated with our investment portfolio. More specifically, we intend to increase the weight of Treasury bonds in our portfolio while decreasing the relative importance of corporate bonds and alternative investments.

We will also respond proactively to major regulatory changes to ensure stable investment results, building on the strength of our investment assets. We will also continue to seek out new investment opportunities and strategies to maximize overall profitability throughout the year.

I. Premium Growth

Breakdown of Gross Written Premiums

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)	YoY Change*
Domestic Property ¹	652.1	501.7	611.2	531.7	6.7%
Domestic Engineering, Marine & Aviation	647.2	497.9	564.0	490.7	14.7%
Domestic Casualty	655.3	504.2	685.3	596.2	-4.4%
Motor, Surety & Agriculture	1,145.3	881.1	1,209.4	1,052.2	-5.3%
Long-term	2,746.9	2,113.4	2,531.5	2,202.4	8.5%
Financial Solutions	801.7	616.8	0	0	n/a
Domestic Life & Health	862.0	663.2	856.8	745.4	0.6%
Overseas Life & Health	457.0	351.6	452.4	393.6	1.0%
International Treaty	1,078.1	829.4	923.4	803.4	16.8%
International Facultative	296.8	228.3	270.3	235.2	9.8%
Overseas Operations ²	536.3	412.6	384.4	334.4	39.5%
Total ³	9,878.6	7,600.2	8,488.7	7,385.2	16.4%

^{*} YoY change is based on the value in KRW.

1. Domestic Property

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
Fire	111.9	86.1	121.3	105.5
Comprehensive	422.6	325.1	400.2	348.2
Korea Interest Abroad (KIA)	111.2	85.6	83.8	72.9
Nuclear Insurance*	6.4	4.9	5.9	5.1
Total	652.1	501.7	611.2	531.7

^{*} Nuclear insurance includes overseas business.

2. Domestic Engineering, Marine & Aviation

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
Engineering	297.7	229.0	244.3	212.5
Hull	205.2	157.9	176.4	153.5
Cargo	92.6	71.2	71.7	62.4
Aviation	51.6	39.7	71.6	62.3
Total	647.2	497.9	564.0	490.7

^{*} Individual figures may not add up to the total shown due to rounding.

Domestic property includes nuclear insurance.

² Overseas operations include KRUL, KRSA, and branches in Singapore, Labuan, Dubai, and Shanghai.

³ Individual figures may not add up to the total shown due to rounding.

I. Premium Growth

3. Domestic Casualty

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
Liability	277.5	213.5	268.6	233.7
Personal Accidents	161.6	124.3	161.4	140.4
Special Risks & Others	216.2	166.3	255.3	222.1
Total	655.3	504.2	685.3	596.2

^{*} Individual figures may not add up to the total shown due to rounding.

4. Motor, Surety & Agriculture

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
Motor	528.7	406.8	523.6	455.5
Surety & Credit	153.6	118.2	196.6	171.0
Agriculture	463.0	356.2	489.2	425.6
Total	1,145.3	881.1	1,209.4	1,052.2

^{*} Individual figures may not add up to the total shown due to rounding.

5. Long-term

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
Long-term	2,746.9	2,113.4	2,531.5	2,202.4

6. Life & Health

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
Domestic Life & Health	862.0	663.2	856.8	745.4
Overseas Life & Health	457.0	351.6	452.4	393.6
Total	1,319.0	1,014.8	1,309.2	1,139.0

7. Financial Solutions

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
Asset Transfer Coinsurance	801.7	616.8	-	-

8. International Treaty

Property, Engineering & Marine

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
East Asia	175.8	135.3	173.3	150.8
Middle East & Africa	179.6	138.2	136.9	119.1
Europe	121.4	93.4	114.4	99.6
Americas	136.0	104.6	109.9	95.6
Total	612.8	471.5	534.6	465.1

Casualty & Motor

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
Americas & Asia	192.3	147.9	170.3	148.2
Europe & Middle East	273.0	210.0	218.5	190.1
Total	465.3	358.0	388.8	338.3

9. International Facultative

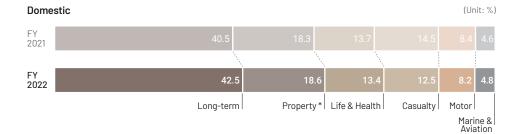
(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

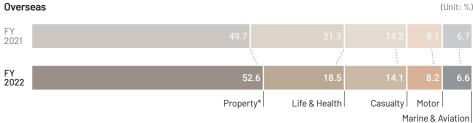
	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
International Property Facultative	154.0	118.5	137.6	119.7
International Engineering & Construction Facultative	89.5	68.9	85.1	74.0
International Marine & Energy Facultative	53.3	41.0	47.7	41.5
Total	296.8	228.3	270.3	235.2

 $[\]ensuremath{\,{\scriptstyle \#}}$ Individual figures may not add up to the total shown due to rounding.

I. Premium Growth

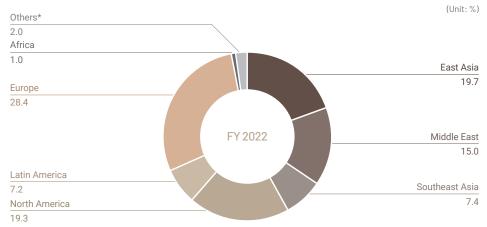
Premium Income Portfolios by Line of Business: Domestic vs. Overseas





^{*} Property includes engineering, nuclear, and agriculture.

Overseas Business Portfolio by Region in 2022



^{*} Others include retrocession and multi-territory accounts.

II. Underwriting Performance

Our underwriting profitability modestly improved in 2022, with the combined ratio decreasing by 0.2%p to 100.7%. We saw our underwriting losses narrow to KRW 50.2 billion as we continued to readjust our business portfolio and maintain underwriting discipline. Our underwriting performance, excluding COVID-19 losses, actually improved with a profit of KRW 10.5 billion.

Despite our best efforts to tighten underwriting guidelines and improve the business portfolio, we reported weaker underwriting results for our overseas business due to COVID-19 losses and elevated natural catastrophe claims, pushing the combined ratio up by 3.0%p to 106.6%. When the losses from COVID-19 were excluded, the combined ratio for our overseas business would have fallen to 103.6%, up 3.0%p from the previous year.

Domestically, we made progress in underwriting profitability. For domestic commercial lines of business, we delivered a combined ratio of 90.2%, down 1.7%p from the previous year, in spite of the impact from natural disasters, including heavy rain in August and Typhoon Hinnamnor.

This higher underwriting profitability was driven by favorable pricing trends in most commercial lines of business.

There was also an improvement in underwriting results for our domestic personal lines of business, with the combined ratio dropping by 1.6%p to 100.3%, thanks to our withdrawal from poorly performing accounts and declining loss ratios of medical expense insurance.

Building on the progress we made in 2022, we look forward to further strengthening our underwriting performance in the years to come. The market has been responding to increasing claims costs by correcting prices and restricting terms and conditions. In step with these market movements, we will continue to exercise strong underwriting discipline to improve our technical profitability. Favorable pricing movements, coupled with our strictly disciplined approach to underwriting, will position our business to generate solid results going forward.

Underwriting Results 1

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021 (USD)	YoY Change*
Incurred Losses	6,289.8	4,839.1	5,242.9	4,561.3	20.0%
Net Operating Expenses	1,028.4	791.2	829.8	721.9	23.9%
Earned Premiums	7,268.0	5,591.7	6,018.3	5,236.0	20.8%
Combined Ratio ²	100.	7%	100.9	9%	-0.2%p

^{*}YoY change is based on the value in KRW.

¹ Underwriting results exclude foreign exchange effects.

² The combined ratio is calculated as follows: Combined ratio = (incurred losses + net operating expenses)/earned premiums

III. Investment Performance

* Investment results in this investment section are based on the Separate Financial Statements of Korean Re, reflecting investment operation at the head office only.

1. Investment Results

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD) FY 2021 (KRW)		FY 2021(USD)	
Invested Assets	8,503.7	6,645.1	7,161.4	5,982.3	
Investment Income	272.5	209.7	306.3	266.5	
Investment Income*	268.1	206.3	244.8	213.0	
Yield(%)	3.5	3.5	4.5	4.5	
Yield*(%)	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.7	

^{*} Gains and/or losses from foreign exchange hedging for insurance liabilities have been excluded.

2. Investment Income

(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
Domestic Bonds	72.1	55.5	54.0	47.0
Foreign Bonds	57.2	44.0	118.2	102.8
Foreign Bonds*	58.3	44.9	56.7	49.3
Stocks	28.4	21.8	48.0	41.8
Alternative Investments (including loans)	103.1	79.3	125.1	108.8
Short-term Funds	10.9	8.4	7.0	6.1
Others	-4.7	-3.6	-2.8	-2.4
Total	272.5	209.7	306.3	266.5
Total*	268.1	206.3	244.8	213.0

^{*} Gains and/or losses from foreign exchange hedging for insurance liabilities have been excluded.

3. Invested Assets

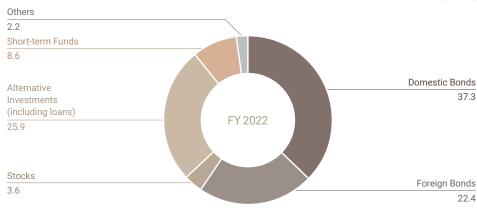
(Units: KRW billion, USD million)

FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
3,172.3	2,478.9	2,152.2	1,797.8
1,908.2	1,491.1	1,730.1	1,445.2
303.3	237.0	287.2	239.9
2,199.3	1,718.6	2,050.8	1,713.1
735.0	574.4	755.8	631.4
185.6	145.0	185.3	154.8
8,503.7	6,645.1	7,161.4	5,982.3
	3,172.3 1,908.2 303.3 2,199.3 735.0 185.6	3,172.3 2,478.9 1,908.2 1,491.1 303.3 237.0 2,199.3 1,718.6 735.0 574.4 185.6 145.0	3,172.3 2,478.9 2,152.2 1,908.2 1,491.1 1,730.1 303.3 237.0 287.2 2,199.3 1,718.6 2,050.8 735.0 574.4 755.8 185.6 145.0 185.3

^{*} Individual figures may not add up to the total shown due to rounding.

Investment Portfolio Mix in 2022

(Unit: %)



^{*} Domestic and foreign bonds include structured notes.

^{*} Individual figures may not add up to the total shown due to rounding.

Financial Review

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Units: KRW million, USD thousand)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
Assets				
l . Cash and cash equivalents	498,904	389,860	478,947	400,089
. Financial assets:	11,395,222	8,904,604	9,606,769	8,025,034
1. Deposits	328,237	256,495	214,892	179,510
2. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	127,105	99,324	227,940	190,410
3. Available-for-sale financial assets	3,339,780	2,609,815	4,996,863	4,174,140
4. Held-to-maturity financial assets	3,007,021	2,349,786	-	-
5. Derivative financial assets designated as hedges	28,641	22,381	150	125
6. Loans	1,039,008	811,915	1,078,540	900,961
7. Receivables	3,525,430	2,754,888	3,088,384	2,579,888
III. Investments in associates	12,264	9,583	6,440	5,380
IV. Property and equipment	114,453	89,437	95,869	80,084
V . Investment properties	72,438	56,605	90,838	75,882
VI. Intangible assets	40,032	31,282	18,153	15,164
VII. Other non-financial assets	2,844,817	2,223,034	2,818,639	2,354,556
Total assets	14,978,130	11,704,405	13,115,655	10,956,189
Liabilities				
. Insurance contract liabilities	8,427,560	6,585,575	7,377,619	6,162,910
. Financial liabilities	3,227,618	2,522,168	2,688,467	2,245,817
III. Other non-financial liabilities	503,498	393,450	523,863	437,609
1. Current income tax liabilities	42,142	32,931	-	-
2. Deferred income tax liabilities	349,112	272,808	417,690	348,918
3. Retirement benefit liabilities	27,270	21,309	30,493	25,472
4. Other liabilities	84,974	66,402	75,680	63,219
Total liabilities	12,158,676	9,501,193	10,589,949	8,846,336
Equity				
. Capital stock	70,411	55,021	60,185	50,276
II . Capital surplus	166,148	129,834	176,375	147,335
III. Hybrid equity securities	558,631	436,533	229,439	191,662
IV. Capital adjustments	(134,157)	(104,835)	(134,066)	(111,992)
V . Accumulated other comprehensive income	73,147	57,158	193,710	161,815
VI. Retained earnings	2,085,274	1,629,501	2,000,064	1,670,758
Total shareholders' equity	2,819,454	2,203,212	2,525,706	2,109,853
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	14,978,130	11,704,405	13,115,655	10,956,189

Note: For the B/S section, Korean won amounts have been converted into the U.S. dollar based on the exchange rate of KRW 1,279.70 per USD 1 for FY 2022 and KRW 1,197.10 for FY 2021. For the I/S section, the applicable exchange rate was KRW 1,299.78 per USD 1 for FY 2022 and KRW 1,149.42 for FY 2021.

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Units: KRW million, USD thousand)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
I . Operating revenue	12,579,058	9,677,836	10,915,537	9,496,561
1. Premium income	9,878,601	7,600,210	8,488,720	7,385,220
2. Reinsurance income	1,861,993	1,432,545	1,663,836	1,447,544
3. Expenses recovered	302,601	232,809	313,212	272,496
4. Interest income	192,786	148,322	154,232	134,182
5. Dividend income	70,105	53,936	85,527	74,409
6. Investment income from financial instruments	51,468	39,597	16,288	14,171
7. Other operating revenues	221,504	170,417	193,722	168,539
II . Operating expenses	12,386,528	9,529,711	10,712,020	9,319,501
1. Insurance claims and benefits expenses	6,992,660	5,379,880	6,314,946	5,494,028
2. Reinsurance expenses	2,541,014	1,954,957	2,427,773	2,112,172
3. Provision for insurance contract liabilities	1,137,863	875,427	584,552	508,563
4. Operating and administrative expenses	1,331,113	1,024,106	1,135,275	987,694
5. Claim handling expenses	108,308	83,328	97,626	84,935
6. Asset management expenses	6,423	4,942	5,385	4,685
7. Interest expenses	303	233	226	197
8. Investment expenses from financial instruments	104,355	80,287	60,320	52,479
9. Other operating expenses	164,489	126,551	85,917	74,748
III. Operating income	192,530	148,125	203,517	177,060
IV. Non-operating income	2,138	1,645	545	474
V . Non-operating expenses	3,328	2,560	3,497	3,042
VI. Income before income taxes	191,340	147,210	200,565	174,492
VII. Income tax expenses	33,483	25,761	47,218	41,080
VIII. Net income	157,857	121,449	153,347	133,412
IX. Other comprehensive income (loss)	(120,563)	(92,756)	(29,729)	(25,864)
X . Total comprehensive income	37,294	28,693	123,618	107,548

Note: For the B/S section, Korean won amounts have been converted into the U.S. dollar based on the exchange rate of KRW 1,279.70 per USD 1 for FY 2022 and KRW 1,197.10 for FY 2021. For the I/S section, the applicable exchange rate was KRW 1,299.78 per USD 1 for FY 2022 and KRW 1,149.42 for FY 2021.

^{*} Individual figures may not add up to the total shown due to rounding.

 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ Individual figures may not add up to the total shown due to rounding.

Financial Review

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (KRW)

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Unit: KRW million)

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	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Hybrid equity securities	Capital adjustments	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Retained earnings	Total
As at January 1, 2021	60,185	176,375	229,439	(134,066)	223,438	1,900,558	2,455,929
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(46,021)	(46,021)
Dividends of hybrid equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	(7,820)	(7,820)
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	153,347	153,347
Loss on valuation of available- for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	(57,162)	-	(57,162)
Exchange difference on translating foreign operations	-	-	-	-	23,388	-	23,388
Loss on valuation of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-	(2,592)	-	(2,592)
Gain on remeasurement of the net defined benefit liabilities	-	-	-	-	6,637	-	6,637
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(29,729)	153,347	123,618
As at December 31, 2021	60,185	176,375	229,439	(134,066)	193,710	2,000,064	2,525,706
As at January 1, 2022	60,185	176,375	229,439	(134,066)	193,710	2,000,064	2,525,706
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(53,691)	(53,691)
Bonus issue	10,226	(10,226)	-	(91)	-	-	(91)
Issuance of hybrid capital securities	-	-	329,192	-	-	-	329,192
Dividends of hybrid equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	(18,956)	(18,956)
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	157,857	157,857
Loss on valuation of available- for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	(143,328)	-	(143,328)
Loss on valuation of held-to- maturity financial assets	-	-	-	-	(5,118)	-	(5,118)
Exchange difference on translating foreign operations	-	-	-	-	20,511	-	20,511
Loss on valuation of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-	1,259	-	1,259
Revaluation surplus	-	-	-	-	910	-	910
Gain on remeasurement of the net defined benefit liabilities	-	-	-	-	5,204	-	5,204
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(120,562)	157,857	37,294
As at December 31, 2022	70,411	166,148	558,631	(134,157)	73,147	2,085,274	2,819,454

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (USD)

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Unit: USD thousand)

	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Hybrid equity securities	Capital adjustments	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Retained earnings	Total
As at January 1, 2021	47,031	137,825	179,291	(104,764)	174,602	1,485,159	1,919,144
Cash dividends		-	-	-	-	(35,962)	(35,962)
Dividends of hybrid equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	(6,111)	(6,111)
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	119,830	119,830
Loss on valuation of available- for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	(44,668)	-	(44,668)
Exchange difference on translating foreign operations	-	-	-	-	18,276	-	18,276
Loss on valuation of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-	(2,025)	-	(2,025)
Gain on remeasurement of the net defined benefit liabilities	-	-	-	-	5,186	-	5,186
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(23,231)	119,830	96,599
As at December 31, 2021	47,031	137,825	179,291	(104,764)	151,371	1,562,916	1,973,670
As at January 1, 2022	47,031	137,825	179,291	(104,764)	151,371	1,562,916	1,973,670
Cash dividends	-	-	-	-	-	(41,956)	(41,956)
Bonus issue	7,990	(7,992)	-	(71)	-	-	(71)
Issuance of hybrid capital securities	-	-	257,242	-	-	-	257,241
Dividends of hybrid equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	(14,813)	(14,813)
Net income	-	-	-	-	-	123,354	123,354
Loss on valuation of available- for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	(112,002)	-	(112,002)
Loss on valuation of held-to- maturity financial assets	-	-	-	-	(3,999)	-	(3,999)
Exchange difference on translating foreign operations	-	-	-	-	16,027	-	16,027
Loss on valuation of derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges	-	-	-	-	984	-	984
Revaluation surplus	-	-	-	-	711	-	711
Gain on remeasurement of the net defined benefit liabilities	-	-	-	-	4,067	-	4,067
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(94,213)	123,354	29,141
As at December 31, 2022	55,021	129,834	436,533	(104,835)	57,158	1,629,501	2,203,212

Note: Korean won amounts have been converted into the U.S. dollar based on the exchange rate of KRW 1,279.70 per USD 1.

Financial Review

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

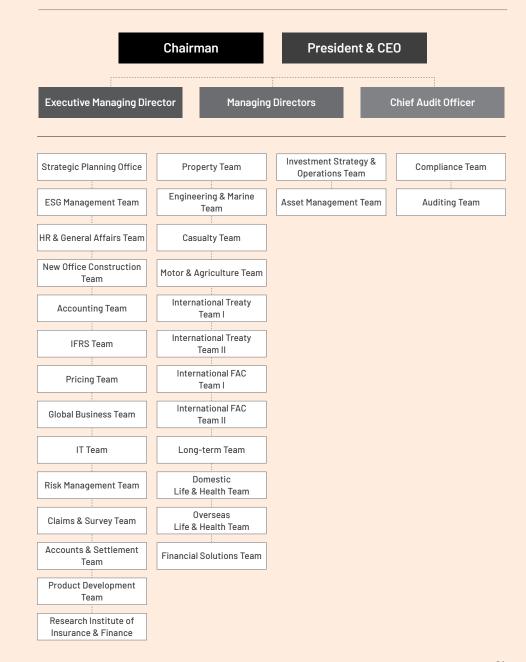
For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

(Units: KRW million, USD thousand)

	FY 2022 (KRW)	FY 2022 (USD)	FY 2021(KRW)	FY 2021(USD)
I . Cash flows from operating activities	1,306,506	1,020,947	637,946	532,910
1. Income before income taxes	157,857	123,355	153,347	128,099
2. Cash generated from operations	901,323	704,324	295,160	246,563
3. Receipt of interest	187,368	146,416	159,566	133,294
4. Payment of interest	(395)	(309)	(318)	(266)
5. Receipt of dividends	70,105	54,782	85,526	71,444
6. Refund(payment) of income taxes	(9,752)	(7,621)	(55,335)	(46,224)
II . Cash flows from investing activities	(1,532,482)	(1,197,531)	(573,836)	(479,355)
1. Cash inflows	613,314	479,264	848,182	708,531
2. Cash outflows	(2,145,796)	(1,676,795)	(1,422,018)	(1,187,886)
III. Cash flows from financing activities	256,124	200,144	(56,881)	(47,515)
1. Cash inflows	329,192	257,242	117	98
2. Cash outflows	(73,068)	(57,098)	(56,998)	(47,613)
IV. Net increase(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (+ +)	30,148	23,559	7,229	6,039
V . Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents	(10,191)	(7,964)	110	92
VI. Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	478,947	374,265	471,608	393,959
VII. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	498,904	389,860	478,947	400,089

Note: For the B/S section, Korean won amounts have been converted into the U.S. dollar based on the exchange rate of KRW 1,279.70 per USD 1 for FY 2022 and KRW 1,197.10 for FY 2021. For the I/S section, the applicable exchange rate was KRW 1,299.78 per USD 1 for FY 2022 and KRW 1,149.42 for FY 2021.

Organization



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